

Muslim Women in 7th Century

“Behind every successful man, there stands a woman”, not necessarily wife, could be the mother or perhaps a sister as well. Same is true for a successful nation and there stands their Women. Napoleon Bonaparte said, “Give me a good mother and I will give you a good nation”. Women are Game Changer.

Woman caretaker of Masjid-e-Nabawi in 7th Century:

The caretaker of the Prophet’s Mosque in his time was also a female Umm Mihjan (ra) of African descent. She voluntarily took up this esteemed role and ensured that the mosque was kept clean and tidy at all times. She was honoured for her work as the Prophet ﷺ himself prayed over her grave after her passing.

Women as Surgeons / Doctors / Nurses / Teachers in 7th Century:

In early days of Islaam in 7th Centure, women faught side by side with men to defend Ummah. They were Surgeons, Doctors and Nurses and treated many wounded soldiers. Women were also teaching many muslims in early days of Islaam. In the past, female scholars and teachers publicly delivered lectures and led educational circles within the masjids itself. Aisha (ra) was teacher at Masjid-e-Nabawi, lead forces in the Battle of the Camel. Al-Shifa al-Adawiyyah, or Al-Shaffa, is another famous female Companion who played an important role in the time of the Prophet ﷺ . As a senior and more experienced individual in the time of second Caliph Umar, she was appointed to overlook affairs in the marketplace. She also taught this skills to many Muslims. Most probably at Later Stage Muslims deviated from the Quraan.

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