

Battle of Trench

The Battle of the Trench (Arabic: **غزوة الخندق**, romanized: Ghazwat al-Khandaq), also known as the Battle of the Confederates (Arabic: **غزوة الاحزاب**, romanized: Ghazwat al-Ahzab), was a **30-day-long siege of Yathrib** (now Medina) in March **627** by Arab and Jewish tribes. The strength of the confederate armies is estimated around **10,000** men with six hundred horses and some camels, while the Medinan defenders numbered **3,000**.

The reason for this battle was to defend Medina from attack, after Banu Nazir and Banu Qaynuqa tribes formed an alliance with the Quraysh to attack him as revenge for expelling them from Medina during the Invasion of Banu Qaynuqa and Invasion of Banu Nadir. The Muslim scholar Ibn Kathir states: "The reason why the Confederates came was that a group of the leaders of the Banu Nadir, whom the Messenger of Allah had expelled from Al-Madinah to Khaybar, including Sallam bin Abu Al-Huqayq, Sallam bin Mishkam and Kinanah bin Ar-Rabi`, went to Makkah where they met with the leaders of Quraysh and incited them to make war against the Prophet".

We MUST remember Struggles of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) who was directly involved in **28** Battles while delegated **73** Battles to Sahabas after migration to Madinah during the period of **10** years.

Ref: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Battle_of_the_Trench

